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Davam of or	Charification	Met Specif		fi
Parameter	Specification	Met Y	Spec N	NA
Sample Preparation				
Filtering	Only if necessary, normally remove debris and indigenous macro-organisms using forceps; if necessary, remove smaller macro-organisms using finemesh sieve (0.25 to 0.5 mm)			
Homogenization	Homogenize sample (including any separated liquid) before use For each sample included in a test, mixing conditions (duration, T°) are to be as similar as possible (Must)			
Characterization	For whole sediment, at least particle size analysis (% sand, silt and clay),			
Description	TOC, and % water; for porewater, at least pH and ammonia (Must) Qualitative description of each sample when the test is being set up including sample colour, texture, homogeneity, presence of plants, animals, tracks or burrowing animals			
Test Conditions				
Test Facility	All construction materials to be nontoxic (Must)			
	water (Must)			
Test Type/Duration	test water, be clean and rinsed with test water, deionized water or distilled water before use (Must)			
Test T°	water (renewal test option) or no renewal (static test option) Daily average to be 23 \pm 1 °C and 23 \pm 3 °C as instantaneous measurement			
Lighting	(Must)			
Aeration	16 h light: 8 h dark			
	saturation			
	chamber			
Test Chamber	bubbles/second (Must) ; usually checked daily			
Vessel Identification	uncovered if daily renewal test and covered if static test			
	sample or its concentration (Must)			
Volume Wet Sediment	100 mL			
Volume Test Water Water Renewal	175 mL			
	Renewal test option: overlying water is replaced at a rate of 2 volumes additions per day usually using an automated water-renewal apparatus			
Test Water	Culture water or other clean ground or surface water; site water; water adjusted to hardness of site water; reconstituted freshwater for higher degree of standardization; natural or reconstituted seawater with salinity ≤ 15 g/kg for			
	test with estuarine sediment; D.O. 90 - 100 % saturation			
Control Sadimant	organisms in 10d tests with control sediment before use in test (Must)			
Control Sediment	Sample of clean sediment that is used to assess the performance of the test organisms and the acceptability of the test (Must); either natural or formulated sediment can be used			
	Each sediment can be used		•••	
	or o replicate bearers per control sediment (Must)		•••	

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Parameter	Specification	Met Spe		fice
	Specification	Y	N	NA
Age Confirmation	If C. tentans used as test organism, collect a minimum of 20 larvae randomly			
Age Committation	selected from the culture on Day 0 for head capsule width measurements to			
	confirm their instar (Must)			
	If <i>C. riparius</i> used as test organism, they are to be first instars that are ≤ 48h			
"	post-hatch on Day 0 (Must)			
# Organisms/Vessel	10 organisms to be assigned randomly to each test chamber on Day 0			
Field Replicates	Organisms placed below the air/water interface in overlying water (Must) Recommend ≥ 5 field replicates, each a discrete (different) sample from the			
Tiela Replicates	same collection site			
Lab Replicates	≥ 5 laboratory replicates for each field replicate (Must)			
Feeding Regime	Ground tropical fish food flakes but 2 options: 1) fed daily with 6.0 mg (dw)			
	added as 1.5 mL inoculum of a 4 mg/L suspension of dry food in water added			
	to each test chamber or 2) fed 4 times only (on non-consecutive days) with			
	15.0 mg (dw) added as 3.75 mL inoculum of a 4 mg/L suspension of dry food			
	in water added on each feeding to each test chamber (Must)			
	Identical food ration be added to each test chamber on each feeding			
Vessel Cleaning	occasion (Must)			
vesser oleaning	test water immediately before use (Must)			
Endpoints	Mean (± SD) % of organisms that survived the 10 day exposure (Must)			
	Mean (± SD) dry weight per surviving organism, calculated from the total			
	weight of the group of survivors (Must)			
	10d LC50 for multi-concentration test, where appropriate; ICp for weight			
	where appropriate			
	Calculation of the mean (± SD) head capsule width for the group of survivors			
	in each treatment is also recommended as a useful endpoint			
Observations &				
Measurements				
Water Renewal	Renewal test option: if automated water renewal apparatus used, system to			
	be monitored daily			
D.O. + T°	In overlying water, at the start of the test and ≥ 3 times/week (on non-			
	consecutive days) in at least 1 test chamber per treatment (Must)			
pH + Conductivity +				
Ammonia	In overlying water, at start and end of test in at least 1 test chamber representing each treatment (Must)			
	Probe to be rinsed with clean water between sample measurements (Must).			•••
Hardness/Alkalinity	In overlying water, at start and end of test in at least 1 test chamber			
,	representing each treatment			
Emerged Organisms	# of organisms in each test chamber seen on sediment surface, and their			
	behaviour to be observed daily			
Survival	All live animals recovered from the overlying water or sediment in a single			
	test chamber are counted, placed together in a numbered weighing boat and			
	rinsed in test water (Must)			
0 "				
Growth	Separate weighing boats, each containing the group of surviving organisms			
Growth	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C			
Growth	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must)			
Growth	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a			
Growth	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a balance that measures accurately to 10 µg			
Growth	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a			
	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a balance that measures accurately to 10 µg			
Test Organisms	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a balance that measures accurately to 10 µg			
	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a balance that measures accurately to 10 µg			
Test Organisms	recovered from each test chamber, are dried in an oven for 24 h at 60 °C Upon removal from oven, boats are moved immediately to desiccator (Must) The boats be randomly removed from the desiccator and weighed on a balance that measures accurately to 10 µg			

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		Page 3/6			
Specification	Met : Y	Speci N	fics?		
Third instar <i>C. tentans</i> or first instar <i>C. riparius</i> at the start of the test (Must) . At that time, <i>C. tentans</i> has a mean head capsule width of 0.38 mm (range 0.33 to 0.45 mm) and are 9 to 13 days post-hatch and <i>C. riparius</i> has a mean head capsule width ~ 0.1 mm (range 0.09 to 0.12 mm) and are < 1 to 3 days post-hatch					
Discard any larvae that appear dead or inactive when gently prodded (Must)					
23 ± 1 °C as daily average and 23 ± 3 °C as instantaneous					
Aerated gently (1 bubble/s for each liter of water); maintain D.O. ≥ 80 %					
500 - 1000 lux adjacent to the water surface; overhead full spectrum tubes (fluorescent or equivalent, with a broad spectrum wavelength); photoperiod					
	• • • •		•••		
As little as possible; done gently, carefully, and quickly to minimize stress					
stressed not to be used for testing (Must)					
quantities and rates allowed; recommend daily feeding of 300 mg dry weight per 20 L culture chamber containing 150 to 200 <i>C. tentans</i> or 250 to 500 <i>C.</i>					
Uncontaminated ground, surface, reconstituted, or, if necessary, dechlorinated municipal tap water; reconstituted or natural seawater with					
D.O. monitored at least weekly					
			l		
Intermittent renewal or continuous flow; ≥ 1 volume addition per day recommended; 25 - 30 % per week (minimum) unless water is recirculated					
	•••				
Controlled temperature laboratory facility (Must)					
	l	l	l		
All equipment, containers and accessories that might contact the organisms or water within the culturing facility are to be clean, rinsed as appropriate, and					
Toxic materials (copper, zinc, brass, galvanized metal, lead and natural rubber) not come in contact with apparatus and equipment or the culture					
water (Must)					
Invalid test if mean 10 d survival in control sediment < 70 % at the end of the test (Must)					
< 0.6 mg per surviving organisms if <i>C. tentans</i> is used or < 0.5 mg if <i>C.</i>					
Reagent grade copper sulfate, cadmium chloride, potassium chloride, or					
Reference toxicity test with one or more of these chemicals be performed monthly with the lab's established cultures (Must)			.,.		
	At that time, <i>C. tentans</i> has a mean head capsule width of 0.38 mm (range 0.33 to 0.45 mm) and are 9 to 13 days post-hatch and <i>C. riparius</i> has a mean head capsule width −0.1 mm (range 0.09 to 0.12 mm) and are < 1 to 3 days post-hatch. Discard any larvae that appear dead or inactive when gently prodded (Must) 23 ± 1 °C as daily average and 23 ± 3 °C as instantaneous Aerated gently (1 bubble/s for each liter of water); maintain D.O. ≥ 80 % saturation 500 - 1000 lux adjacent to the water surface; overhead full spectrum tubes (fluorescent or equivalent, with a broad spectrum wavelength); photoperiod 16 h light: 8 h dark Silica sand or pulp from shredded, unbleached paper towels; recommended depth 1 cm As little as possible; done gently, carefully, and quickly to minimize stress Any animals that are dropped, injured, contact dry surfaces, or appear stressed not to be used for testing (Must) Ground tropical fish food flakes (eg Tetrafin™ or Nutrafin™); various quantities and rates allowed; recommend daily feeding of 300 mg dry weight per 20 L culture chamber containing 150 to 200 <i>C. tentans</i> or 250 to 500 <i>C. riparius</i> Uncontaminated ground, surface, reconstituted, or, if necessary, dechlorinated municipal tap water; reconstituted or natural seawater with salinity < 15 g/kg for special needs T° monitored at least weekly DH, hardness, alkalinity and ammonia measured during 24h period preceding start of test Intermittent renewal or continuous flow; ≥ 1 volume addition per day recommended; 25 - 30 % per week (minimum) unless water is recirculated through a filtration system Gradually (< 2°C /d) for temperature differences upon arrival Controlled temperature laboratory facility (Must) Culturing area isolated from any testing, sample storage or sample preparation areas (Must) All equipment, containers and accessories that might contact the organisms or water within the culturing facility are to be clean, rinsed as appropriate, and made of nontoxic materials (Must) Invalid test if mean 10 d	Third instar <i>C. tentans</i> or first instar <i>C. riparius</i> at the start of the test (Must). At that time, <i>C. tentans</i> has a mean head capsule width of 0.38 mm (range 0.33 to 0.45 mm) and are 9 to 13 days post-hatch and <i>C. riparius</i> has a mean head capsule width ~ 0.1 mm (range 0.09 to 0.12 mm) and are < 1 to 3 days post-hatch. Discard any larvae that appear dead or inactive when gently prodded (Must)	Third instar <i>C. tentans</i> or first instar <i>C. riparius</i> at the start of the test (Must)		

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Darameter	Specification	Mat	Snaai	ifica
Parameter	Specification	Y	Speci N	N/
Reference Toxicant				
(con't)	A static, 96 h water only reference toxicity test is recommended; may be			
	supplemented or replaced with one or more spiked sediment tests with			
	reference toxicant(s)			
	96 h water only test: uses second instar midge larvae of either species at test			
	start; 10 individuals per test chamber; at least 5 test conc. plus a control			
	(control/dilution water only); 1 or more replicates per treatment;			
	recommended test volume is 200 mL solution per chamber; no aeration; test			
	chambers covered; 1.25 mL of suspension of finely ground commercial fish			
	food flakes comprised of 4 mg of dry solids/mL be added to each test			
	chamber on Days 0 and 2; daily observations for # of dead or moribund			
	organisms in each test chamber; other conditions are similar as those for			
	definitive sediment toxicity test			
Warning Chart	Endpoints are mean % survival in each treatment and 96h LC50 (Must)			
wanning onart	Invalid test if the mean survival in control water is < 90% at test end (Must)			
	Prepared for each reference toxicant and continually updated (Must)			١.
		•••		١.
	Within acceptable warning limits (± 2 SD on log scale)			١.
	LC50 for survival within the warning limits (± 2 SD) of the historic reference toxicant mean			
Sample Handling				
Sample Collection	Multiple field replicates (ie: separate samples from different grabs or cores			
	taken at the same site) be taken at each sampling station, including 1 or more			
	reference stations			
	A benthic grab or core rather than a dredge be used; sediment be collected			
	from 1 or more depths, ideally capturing the top 2 cm of surficial sediment			
	pH, oxidation-reduction potential and T° be measured in the field to help			
	characterize the sample			
	Care to be taken to minimize loss of fines during sample collection (Must)			
	Sample T° upon receipt at lab be measured and recorded			
Volume	At least 5 to 7 L of sediment per sample is normally required; it is frequently			
	necessary to combine subsamples to obtain the required sample volume			١.
Containers	Made of nontoxic material; either be new or thoroughly cleaned and rinsed			
	with test water or other clean water (eg: deionized water) before use (Must).			١.
	Each sample container to be filled completely to exclude air			١.
Labeling	Immediately after filling, each sample container be sealed and labeled or			'
	coded (Must)			١.
	Labeling include at least a code or description which identifies sample type,			'
	source, precise location, replicate number, date of collection (Must)			
Holding Conditions	Upon collection, warm (>7 °C) samples be cooled to between 1 and 7 °C	•••	• • • •	
Tolding Conditions	with regular ice or frozen gel packs, and kept cool (4 ± 3 °C) in darkness			
	throughout transport			
	Samples be kept from freezing (or partially freezing) during transport or			
	storage and are not allowed to dry (Must)			
	Samples stored for future use be held in airtight containers and in darkness at			
	4 ± 2 °C (Must)	•••	• • • •	
Holding Time	Test to be initiated within 6 weeks after sampling (Must)			
	Recommend test initiation within 2 weeks after sampling			
	Date of receipt of the sample(s) at lab to be recorded (Must)			
Subsample Storage	All stored subsamples are to be in darkness at 4 ± 2 °C (Must); and held in			
	sealed containers with no air space			
				1
Subsample Mixing	Each subsample to be thoroughly remixed to ensure homogeneity before use			
Subsample Mixing	(Must)			
Subsample Mixing	(Must)			

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Parameter	Specification	Met Sp		ifice?
	Specification	Y	Spec N	NA
Spiked Sediment				
Mixture	A chemical/sediment mixture prepared by making up a stock solution of the			
	chemical and then remixing one or more measured volumes into control			
	sediment, in a manner resulting in a homogeneous distribution of the			
	chemicals throughout the sediment			
Chemical	Chemical(s) to be tested be at least reagent grade			
Solvent	The preferred solvent for preparing stock solutions is test water			
	If an organic solvent is used, the test is to be conducted using both a clean			
	sediment control (ie: no solvent and no test substance) and a sediment			
	control containing solvent (Must)			
	A solvent control sediment is to be prepared containing the conc. of			
	solubilizing agent that is present in the highest conc. of the test chemical in			
	sediment (Must)			
	Solvent from the same batch used to make the stock solution is to be used			
	(Must)			
Mixing	The maximum conc. of solvent in the sediment is to be at conc. that does not			
	affect the survival and growth of <i>Chironomus</i> sp. during the test			
	Mixing conditions are to be standardized for each treatment in a test (Must).			
	T° during mixing is to be kept low			
# Test Conc	For a multi-conc. test, at least 5 conc. plus a control are to be prepared			
" D	(Must); 6 to 8 conc. plus a control are recommended			
# Replicates	A minimum of 5 replicates for each test conc. and each control sediment are			
	to be prepared (Must)	•••		
Endnainta	Replicate controls be prepared and treated identically (Must)			
Endpoints	LC50 for mortality data and ICp for dry weight data (Must); NOEC/LOEC are			
	possible additional endpoints	•••		
	together with its 95% confidence limits (Must)			
Storage	Once prepared, each mixture be placed in sealed container with no air space	•••		
Otorago	and stored in the dark at 4 ± 2 °C for 4 weeks before use in test			
	Other conditions are similar as those for definitive sediment toxicity test			
Test Report				
Sample Data	Description of sample type or coding, as provided to the lab personnel (Must)			
	Information on labeling or coding of each sample (Must)			
	Date of sample collection; data and time sample(s) received at lab (Must)			
Test Organism	Species and source of brood stock and test organisms (Must)			
	Instar, at start of test (Must)			
	For C. tentans only, mean & range of head capsule width at test start (Must)			
	Any unusual appearance or treatment of the organisms, before their use in			
Таа4 Гаа994	the test (Must)	•••		
Test Facilities	Name and address of test laboratory (Must)			
Toot Water	Name of person(s) performing the test (Must)			
Test Water	Type and source of test water (Must)			
Toot Mothod	Measured characteristics of test water, before and/or at start of test (Must) .			
Test Method	Citation of biological test method used (Must)			
	Design and description if specialized procedure or modification of standard			
	test method (Must)	•••		
	Brief description of frequency and type of observations and measurements made during test (Must)			
	1			
Toot Conditions	Program(s) and methods used for calculating statistical endpoints (Must)			
Test Conditions	Design and description if any deviation from or exclusion of any of the			
	procedures and conditions specified in the test method document (Must)	•••	•••	
	# of discrete samples per treatment; # of replicate test chambers for each			
	treatment; # and description of treatments in each test including the			
	control(s); test concentrations if applicable (Must)			

TEST SPECIFIC CHECKLIST

April 1999

Test for Survival and Growth in Sediment Using the Larvae of Freshwater Midges C. tentans or C. riparius

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Parameter	Specification	Met Specifics		
Parameter Test Conditions (con't) Test Results	Depth/volume of sediment and overlying water in each test chamber (Must) # of organisms per test chamber and treatment (Must)	Met Y		ma
	the geometric mean value (± 2 SD) for the same reference toxicant(s) as derived at the test facility in previous tests using the procedures and conditions herein (Must) Anything unusual about the test, any problems encountered, any remedial measures taken (Must)			
Info Kept On-File	Do lab SOPs indicate that the information on Section 7.2 of the EPS 1/RM/32 method must be kept on file for 5 years? (Must)			
	For details of this information, see EPS 1/RM/32, section 7.2.			